Financial Audit

UNIVERSITY OF WEST FLORIDA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



Board of Trustees and President

During the 2020-21 fiscal year, Dr. Martha D. Saunders served as President of the University of West Florida and the following individuals served as Members of the Board of Trustees:

Suzanne Lewis, Chair from 6-24-21, Dr. Paul Hsu from 3-1-21 d

Vice Chair through 6-23-21 a Robert L. Jones

David E. Cleveland, Chair through 6-23-21 Jordan Negron through 10-20-20 c

Richard R. Baker Dr. Sherry Schneider e

Lewis Bear Jr.

William Bowers from 6-24-21

Greg Britton through 12-31-20 b

Ruben Gardner from 10-23-20 c

Alonzie Scott

Jill Singer

Robert D. Sires

Stephanie White

^a Vice Chair position vacant 6-24-21, through 6-30-21.

^b Trustee resigned 12-31-20, and position vacant through 6-30-21.

^c Student Body President resigned 10-20-20, and position vacant through 10-22-20.

^d Trustee position vacant 7-1-20, through 2-28-21.

e Faculty Senate Chair.

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Christy L. Johnson, CPA, and the audit was supervised by Kenneth C. Danley, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Jaime N. Hoelscher, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at jaimehoelscher@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2868.

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State of Florida Auditor General

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SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of the University of West Florida (a component unit of the State of Florida) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to determine whether the University of West Florida and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for University operations had:

- Presented the University's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements; and
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the University's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We obtained an understanding of the University's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

An examination of Federal awards administered by the University is included within the scope of our Statewide audit of Federal awards administered by the State of Florida.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

Claude Denson Pepper Building, Suite G74 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450



Phone: (850) 412-2722 Fax: (850) 488-6975

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the University of West Florida, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its aggregate discretely presented component units as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, which represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the aggregate discretely presented component units columns. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the aggregate discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the University of West Florida and of its aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, the Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability, Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, Schedule of University Contributions - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan, Schedule of University Contributions - Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan, and Notes to Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2022, on our consideration of the University of West Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts,

Report No. 2022-121 February 2022 and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the University of West Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee, Florida

February 15, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the University for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto. The MD&A, and financial statements and notes thereto, are the responsibility of University management. The MD&A contains financial activity of the University for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020.

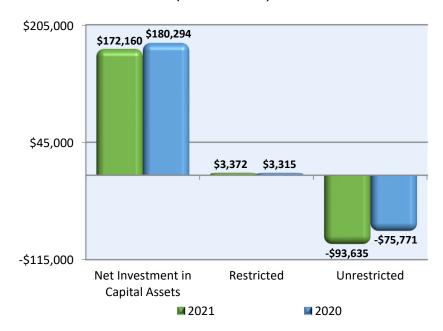
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The University's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$347.2 million at June 30, 2021. This balance reflects a \$1.5 million, or 0.4 percent, decrease as compared to the 2019-20 fiscal year. While assets and deferred outflows of resources minimally decreased, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$24.4 million, or 10.1 percent, totaling \$265.3 million at June 30, 2021, due mainly to an increase in deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits payable. As a result, the University's net position decreased by \$25.9 million, resulting in a fiscal year-end balance of \$81.9 million.

The University's operating revenues totaled \$84.9 million for the 2020-21 fiscal year, representing a 6.6 percent increase compared to the 2019-20 fiscal year due mainly to an increase in student tuition and fees related to enrollment hour growth and an increase in Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding for the Small Business Development Center at the University. Operating expenses totaled \$243.8 million for the 2020-21 fiscal year, representing a decrease of 9.3 percent as compared to the 2019-20 fiscal year due mainly to the transition of the Complete Florida Plus Program (CFPP) from the University of West Florida (UWF) to Florida State University (FSU).

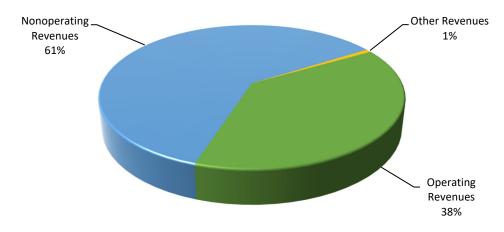
Net position represents the residual interest in the University's assets and deferred outflows of resources after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The University's comparative total net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, is shown in the following graph:

Net Position (In Thousands)



The following chart provides a graphical presentation of University revenues by category for the 2020-21 fiscal year:





OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pursuant to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, the University's financial report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows. The financial statements, and notes thereto, encompass the University and its component units. These component units include:

- University of West Florida Foundation, Inc.
- West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc.
- UWF Business Enterprises, Inc.

Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, these component units are included within the University reporting entity as discretely presented component units. Information regarding these component units, including summaries of the discretely presented component units' separately issued financial statements, is presented in the notes to financial statements. This MD&A focuses on the University, excluding the discretely presented component units. For those component units reporting under GASB standards, MD&A information is included in their separately issued audit reports.

The Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position reflects the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the University, using the accrual basis of accounting, and presents the financial position of the University at a specified time. Assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is one indicator of the University's current financial condition. The changes in net position that occur over time indicate improvement or deterioration in the University's financial condition.

The following summarizes the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30:

Condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30 (In Thousands)

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current Assets	\$115,146	\$112,528
Capital Assets, Net	172,160	180,294
Other Noncurrent Assets	2,038	1,064
Total Assets	289,344	293,886
Deferred Outflows of Resources	57,868	54,856
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	19,797	14,136
Noncurrent Liabilities	200,482	203,368
Total Liabilities	220,279	217,504
Deferred Inflows of Resources	45,036	23,400
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	172,160	180,294
Restricted	3,372	3,315
Unrestricted	(93,635)	(75,771)
Total Net Position	\$ 81,897	\$107,838

Net capital assets decreased by \$8.1 million primarily due to depreciation. Current liabilities increased by \$5.7 million, or 40 percent, mainly related to an increase in unearned revenue from the Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds (HEERF) institutional aid. The \$21.6 million increase in deferred inflows of resources is directly attributable to entries required in accounting for pensions under GASB Statement No. 68 and for other postemployment benefits under GASB Statement No. 75. These entries were likewise the primary contributors to the \$17.9 million decrease in unrestricted net position.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the University's revenue and expense activity, categorized as operating and nonoperating. Revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The following summarizes the University's activity for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20
Operating Revenues Less, Operating Expenses	\$ 84,893 243,803	\$ 79,622 268,877
Operating Loss Net Nonoperating Revenues	(158,910) 131,516	(189,255) 162,764
Loss Before Other Revenues Other Revenues	(27,394) 1,453	(26,491) 2,446
Net Decrease In Net Position	(25,941)	(24,045)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	107,838	131,883
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 81,897	\$107,838

Operating Revenues

GASB Statement No. 35 categorizes revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions where each of the parties to the transaction either gives or receives something of equal or similar value.

The following summarizes the operating revenues by source that were used to fund operating activities for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

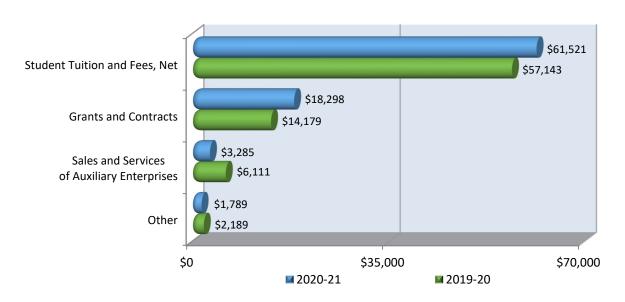
Operating Revenues For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20
Student Tuition and Fees, Net Grants and Contracts Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises Other	\$ 61,521 18,298 3,285 1,789	\$ 57,143 14,179 6,111 2,189
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 84,893	\$ 79,622

The following chart presents the University's operating revenues for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

Operating Revenues (In Thousands)



Total operating revenues for the 2020-21 fiscal year were \$84.9 million, of which \$61.5 million was from net student tuition and fees. Tuition allowances, which represent the difference between the stated charges for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is actually paid by a student or third party making payments on behalf of the student, totaled \$28.2 million and are deducted from gross student tuition and fees of \$89.7 million to arrive at net student tuition and fees. Net student tuition and fees was \$61.5 million for the 2020-21 fiscal year, which represented a \$4.4 million increase from the 2019-20 fiscal year resulting from an increase in student credit hours taken. The \$4.1 million increase in grants and contracts revenue is mainly attributable to the increase in CARES Act funding for the Small Business Development Center at the University.

Operating Expenses

Expenses are categorized as operating or nonoperating. The majority of the University's expenses are operating expenses as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. GASB gives financial reporting entities the

choice of reporting operating expenses in the functional or natural classifications. The University has chosen to report the expenses in their natural classification on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and has displayed the functional classification in the notes to financial statements.

The following summarizes operating expenses by natural classification for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

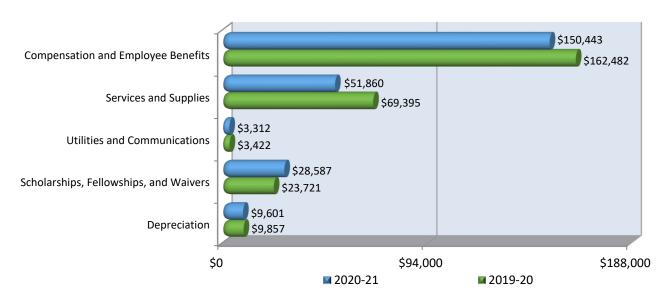
Operating Expenses For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20
Compensation and Employee Benefits Services and Supplies Utilities and Communications Scholarships, Fellowships, and Waivers	\$ 150,443 51,860 3,312 28,587	\$ 162,482 69,395 3,422 23,721
Depreciation	9,601	9,857
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 243,803	\$ 268,877

The following chart presents the University's operating expenses for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

Operating Expenses (In Thousands)



Compensation and employee benefits decreased by \$12 million and services and supplies decreased by \$17.5 million for the 2020-21 fiscal year due to the transition of the CFPP program and operations from UWF to FSU. In keeping with the increase in credit hours and net student tuition and fees for the 2020-21 fiscal year, scholarship expenses increased by \$4.9 million.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Certain revenue sources that the University relies on to provide funding for operations, including State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, certain gifts and grants, and investment income, are defined by GASB as nonoperating. Nonoperating expenses include capital financing costs and other costs related to capital assets. The following summarizes the University's nonoperating revenues and expenses for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20
State Noncapital Appropriations Federal and State Student Financial Aid	\$ 86,909 39,554	\$ 119,676 32,996
Noncapital Grants, Contracts, and Gifts	4,587	5,608
Investment Income	870	4,623
Other Nonoperating Revenues	3,085	53
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(699)	(161)
Other Nonoperating Expenses	(2,790)	(31)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	\$ 131,516	\$ 162,764

The \$32.8 million decrease in State noncapital appropriations was mainly due to the transition of the CFPP operations and appropriations to FSU. The \$6.6 million increase in Federal and State student financial aid is the result of HEERF student aid awards and increased student use of the Bright Futures program made possible by enhancements to the program implemented in prior fiscal years. The \$3.8 million decrease in investment income is due to a reduction in the fair value factor for investment in the Florida Special Purpose Investments Accounts and a decrease in total returns due to the reduction in State noncapital appropriations. Other nonoperating revenues increased by \$3 million due to insurance recoveries for buildings and historical landmarks damaged by Hurricane Sally in September 2020.

Other Revenues

This category is composed of State capital appropriations and capital grants, contracts, donations, and fees. The following summarizes the University's other revenues for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

Other Revenues For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

)20-21)19-20
State Capital Appropriations Capital Grants, Contracts, Donations, and Fees	\$ 1,309 144	\$ 1,196 1,250
Total	\$ 1,453	\$ 2,446

The \$1.1 million reduction in capital grants, contracts, donations, and fees is a result of a decrease in capital donations of special collections.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows provides information about the University's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. This statement will assist in evaluating the University's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet its financial obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing. Cash flows from operating activities show the net cash used by the operating activities of the University. Cash flows from capital and related financing activities include all plant funds and related long-term debt activities. Cash flows from investing activities show the net source and use of cash related to purchasing or selling investments, and earning income on those investments. Cash flows from noncapital financing activities include those activities not covered in other sections.

The following summarizes cash flows for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20
Cash Provided (Used) by:		
Operating Activities	\$ (140,217)	\$ (164,497)
Noncapital Financing Activities	136,142	156,199
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(473)	(6,781)
Investing Activities	5,694	15,713
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,146	634
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	9,359	8,725
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 10,505	\$ 9,359

Major sources of funds came from proceeds from sale and maturities of investments of (\$96 million), State noncapital appropriations (\$86.9 million), net student tuition and fees (\$62.6 million), Federal Direct Loan program receipts (\$41.6 million), Federal and State student financial aid (\$39.6 million), and grants and contracts (\$14.3 million). Major uses of funds were for payments to employees totaling \$137 million; purchases of investments totaling \$92.5 million; payments to suppliers for goods and services totaling \$56.4 million; disbursements to students for the Federal Direct Loan program totaling \$41.6 million, and payments to students for scholarships and fellowships totaling \$28.6 million.

The transition from the University of the almost \$30 million appropriation and associated annual expenditures related to CFPP operations is the primary contributor to the decrease in net cash used by operating activities, net cash provided by noncapital financing activities, and net cash provided by investing activities.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND CAPITAL EXPENSES AND COMMITMENT

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, the University had \$360.8 million in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$188.6 million, for net capital assets of \$172.2 million. Depreciation charges for the current fiscal year totaled \$9.6 million. The following table summarizes the University's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30:

Capital Assets, Net at June 30 (In Thousands)

	2021	2020
Land Works of Art and Historical Treasures Construction in Progress Buildings	\$ 11,589 16,882 3,463 114,975	\$ 11,589 17,847 3,853 119,274
Infrastructure and Other Improvements	13,101	14,508
Furniture and Equipment	10,136	11,517
Leasehold Improvements	2,012	1,704
Computer Software	2	2
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 172,160	\$ 180,294

Additional information about the University's capital assets is presented in the notes to financial statements.

Capital Expenses and Commitment

The University's construction commitment at June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Amount (In Thousands)		
Total Committed Completed to Date	\$	3,501 (3,463)	
Balance Committed	\$	38	

Additional information about the University's construction commitment is presented in the notes to financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

The University's economic condition is closely tied to that of the State of Florida. Because of limited economic growth and increased demand for State resources, only a modest increase in State funding is anticipated in the 2021-22 fiscal year. In response, the Legislature provided for no increase in student tuition or tuition differential fees for the University for the 2021-22 fiscal year. University management continues to aggressively pursue a continuous performance improvement plan. Although there is no longer any funding associated with placing in the top three on performance metrics, the University will receive a portion of the performance funding State investment allocation as a component of the State

noncapital appropriations. Regarding the University's legislative priorities, the University submitted requests totaling \$25.3 million for the 2022-23 fiscal year Legislative Budget Request (LBR). Those LBRs included an ask of \$15.2 million for a Cyber Coast for Florida's Future and an ask of \$10.1 million for Student Success Initiatives. The University is attempting to capture this funding over a 3-year period. If successful, the University would see an increase in State noncapital appropriations and would be poised to capture additional operating revenue in the form of tuition and fees as well as additional grants and contracts.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19 to be a global pandemic. During the 2020-21 fiscal year, the University received HEERF II or Coronavirus Response and Relief Act Supplemental Appropriations Act institutional aid of \$9 million, and HEERF III or American Rescue Plan Act institutional aid of \$10.5 million. As discussed earlier in the MD&A, these funds increased grants and contracts revenue for the fiscal year. Combining these funds with the 2019-20 HEERF I or CARES institutional aid award of \$3.4 million brings the University to a total of \$22.9 million in institutional aid over the last 2 fiscal years.

The University's total institutional aid of \$9 million was drawn and spent during the 2020-21 fiscal year. Of this amount, \$6.6 million was expended as lost revenue; \$1.8 million was expended on educational aids, temporary staffing, e-technology, air quality improvement, personal protective equipment, and other allowable costs; and the remaining balance of \$600,000 was expended as scholarship grants. An amount of \$4.2 million was reclassed to revenue received in advance in the 2020-21 fiscal year, as per the CARES guidance institutional aid earned cannot exceed the amount earned under the CARES student aid. By the end of September 2021, the \$4.2 million had been reclassed as earned. The University anticipates drawing and spending all the remaining HEERF I, II, & III institutional and student aid by the end of the 2021-22 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplemental information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Associate Vice President of Finance and Controller, University of West Florida, 11000 University Parkway, Building 20E, Pensacola, Florida 32514.

UNIVERSITY OF WEST FLORIDA A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

Julie 30, 202 i		
		Component
	University	Units
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,466,460	\$ 5,360,856
Investments	85,118,277	9,551,678
Accounts Receivable, Net	18,680,647	1,230,737
Contributions Receivable, Net	-	823,396
Loans and Notes Receivable, Net	5,333	68,340
Due from State	2,875,234	-
Due from University	-	3,037,185
Inventories	-	106,480
Other Current Assets		356,611
Total Current Assets	115,145,951	20,535,283
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,038,246	1,455,372
Restricted Investments	-	117,228,261
Contributions Receivable, Net	-	3,143,886
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	140,225,761	48,538,805
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	31,934,536	7,765,909
Other Noncurrent Assets		4,321,503
Total Noncurrent Assets	174,198,543	182,453,736
Total Assets	289,344,494	202,989,019
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other Postemployment Benefits	30,585,474	_
Pensions	27,282,356	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	57,867,830	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	1,552,216	647,389
Construction Contracts Payable	172,575	-
Salary and Wages Payable	6,009,771	-
Deposits Payable	470,910	-
Due to Component Units	3,037,185	-
Unearned Revenue	5,108,847	93,548
Other Current Liabilities	-	115,764
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion:		
Bonds Payable	-	2,878,587
Revenue Received in Advance	50,359	588,072
Compensated Absences Payable	1,648,792	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	1,569,183	-
Net Pension Liability	176,897	
Total Current Liabilities	19,796,735	4,323,360

	University	Component Units
LIABILITIES (Continued)		
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds Payable	-	35,276,847
Loans and Notes Payable	233,497	278,690
Revenue Received in Advance	11,954,887	8,376,128
Compensated Absences Payable	14,138,679	548,535
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	95,143,222	-
Net Pension Liability Other Noncurrent Liabilities	79,011,885 -	- 1,934,571
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	200,482,170	46,414,771
Total Liabilities	220,278,905	50,738,131
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Other Postemployment Benefits Pensions Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements	42,250,127 2,786,216	- - 1,904,789
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	45,036,343	1,904,789
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Nonexpendable:	172,160,297	18,149,280
Endowment	-	66,401,120
Restricted for Expendable:		
Loans	455,383	-
Capital Projects	2,916,451	-
Other	-	68,797,566
Unrestricted	(93,635,055)	(3,001,867)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 81,897,076	\$ 150,346,099

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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UNIVERSITY OF WEST FLORIDA A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	University	Component Units
REVENUES		
Operating Revenues:		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarship		
Allowances of \$28,195,014	\$ 61,520,508	\$ -
Federal Grants and Contracts	17,768,196	-
State and Local Grants and Contracts	530,264	-
Sales and Services of Component Units	-	1,140,517
Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises	3,284,786	-
Gifts and Donations	-	5,443,136
Other Operating Revenues	1,789,197	9,278,324
Total Operating Revenues	84,892,951	15,861,977
EXPENSES Operating Expenses:		
Compensation and Employee Benefits	150,442,940	3,366,521
Services and Supplies	51,859,591	4,213,734
Utilities and Communications	3,312,573	810,300
Scholarships, Fellowships, and Waivers	28,586,665	24,773
Depreciation	9,600,777	3,694,575
Total Operating Expenses	243,802,546	12,109,903
Operating Income (Loss)	(158,909,595)	3,752,074
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) State Noncapital Appropriations Federal and State Student Financial Aid Noncapital Grants, Contracts, and Gifts Investment Income Other Nonoperating Revenues Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt Other Nonoperating Expenses	86,908,926 39,553,872 4,586,963 869,573 3,085,310 (698,871)	(1,445,825)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	131,516,270	23,759,133
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	(27,393,325)	27,511,207
State Capital Appropriations Capital Grants, Contracts, Donations, and Fees Additions to Permanent Endowments	1,309,315 143,435 	2,806,534
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(25,940,575)	30,317,741
Net Position, Beginning of Year	107,837,651	120,028,358
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 81,897,076	\$ 150,346,099

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

UNIVERSITY OF WEST FLORIDA A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

i of the riscal real Effice 30, 2021	
	University
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 62,555,725
Grants and Contracts	14,312,082
Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises	3,284,786
Payments to Employees	(137,001,855)
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(56,361,277)
Payments to Students for Scholarships and Fellowships	(28,586,665)
Collection on Loans to Students	6,902
Other Operating Receipts	1,573,664
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(140,216,638)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Noncapital Appropriations	86,912,302
Noncapital Grants, Contracts, and Gifts	4,820,459
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	39,553,872
Federal Direct Loan Program Receipts	41,606,159
Federal Direct Loan Program Disbursements	(41,606,159)
Net Change in Funds Held for Others	4,198,511
Other Nonoperating Receipts	3,085,309
Other Nonoperating Disbursements	(2,428,409)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	136,142,044
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Capital Appropriations	1,680,547
Purchase or Construction of Capital Assets	(2,154,212)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(473,665)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments	96,000,000
Purchases of Investments	(92,524,912)
Investment Income	2,218,722
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	5,693,810
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,145,551
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	9,359,155
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 10,504,706

		University
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS		
TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(158,909,595)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss		
to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		9,600,777
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources,		
and Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Receivables, Net		(8,967,708)
Other Assets		25,712
Accounts Payable		(1,207,923)
Salaries and Wages Payable		(173,098)
Deposits Payable		(261,080)
Compensated Absences Payable		(862,100)
Unearned Revenue		4,179,120
Revenue Received in Advance		1,882,973
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable		(16,016,930)
Net Pension Liability		11,868,662
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		(2,400,081) 23,406,613
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions		(612,203)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions		(1,769,777)
Deletted littlows of Nesources Netated to Petisions	_	(1,709,777)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(140,216,638)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND		
CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Unrealized losses on investments were recognized as a reduction to investment		
income on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, but		
are not cash transactions for the statement of cash flows.	\$	(1,272,519)
Losses from the disposal of capital assets were recognized on the statement of		
revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, but are not cash transactions		
for the statement of cash flows.	\$	(698,871)
Donation of capital assets were recognized on the statement of revenues,		
expenses, and changes in net position, but are not cash transactions for the		
statement of cash flows.	\$	143,435
		,

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity. The University is a separate public instrumentality that is part of the State university system of public universities, which is under the general direction and control of the Florida Board of Governors. The University is directly governed by a Board of Trustees (Trustees) consisting of 13 members. The Governor appoints 6 citizen members and the Board of Governors appoints 5 citizen members. These members are confirmed by the Florida Senate and serve staggered terms of 5 years. The chair of the faculty senate and the president of the student body of the University are also members. The Board of Governors establishes the powers and duties of the Trustees. The Trustees are responsible for setting policies for the University, which provide governance in accordance with State law and Board of Governors' Regulations, and selecting the University President. The University President serves as the executive officer and the corporate secretary of the Trustees and is responsible for administering the policies prescribed by the Trustees.

Criteria for defining the reporting entity are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. These criteria were used to evaluate potential component units for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the primary government's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, the University is a component unit of the State of Florida, and its financial balances and activities are reported in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report by discrete presentation.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>. Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, the following direct-support organizations (as provided for in Section 1004.28, Florida Statutes, and Board of Governors Regulation 9.011) are included within the University reporting entity as discretely presented component units. These legally separate, not-for-profit, corporations are organized and operated to assist the University in achieving excellence by providing supplemental resources from private gifts and bequests and valuable education support services and are governed by separate boards. Florida Statutes authorize these organizations to receive, hold, invest, and administer property and to make expenditures to or for the benefit of the University. These organizations and their purposes are explained as follows:

- University of West Florida Foundation, Inc. provides funding and services to support and foster the pursuit of higher education at the University and operates solely for the benefit of the University and its mission of teaching, research, and service. The Foundation serves as the vehicle whereby taxpayers who want to advance the cause of higher education and to pay more than their share of the cost of education may do so. The Foundation does not serve any private causes, but generally benefits the public.
- West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc. was established to engage in the restoration and exhibition of historical landmarks in the Pensacola, Florida vicinity. This organization conducts certain activities and programs that assist and promote the purposes of the University.
- UWF Business Enterprises, Inc. was established to receive, hold, develop, provide, maintain, and administer property and to make expenditures to or for the exclusive benefit of the University or

a research and development park or research and development authority of or affiliated with the University and to promote, encourage, and provide assistance to the research activities of faculty, staff, and students of the University.

An annual audit of each organization's financial statements is conducted by independent certified public accountants. Additional information on the University's component units, including copies of audit reports, is available by contacting the University Controller's Office. Condensed financial statements for the University's discretely presented component units are shown in a subsequent note.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u>. The University's accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities as prescribed by GASB. The National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) also provides the University with recommendations prescribed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by GASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board. GASB allows public universities various reporting options. The University has elected to report as an entity engaged in only business-type activities. This election requires the adoption of the accrual basis of accounting and entitywide reporting including the following components:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements:
 - o Statement of Net Position
 - o Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Notes to Financial Statements
- Other Required Supplementary Information

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The University's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange activities are generally recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. The University follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

The University's discretely presented component units use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

Significant interdepartmental sales between auxiliary service departments and other institutional departments have been eliminated from revenues and expenses for reporting purposes.

The University's principal operating activities consist of instruction, research, and public service. Operating revenues and expenses generally include all fiscal transactions directly related to these

activities as well as administration, operation and maintenance of capital assets, and depreciation of capital assets. Nonoperating revenues include State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, and investment income (net of unrealized gains or losses on investments). Other revenues generally include revenues for capital construction projects.

The statement of net position is presented in a classified format to distinguish between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to fund certain programs, it is the University's policy to first apply the restricted resources to such programs, followed by the use of the unrestricted resources.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is presented by major sources and is reported net of tuition scholarship allowances. Tuition scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is actually paid by the student or the third party making payment on behalf of the student. The University applied the "Alternate Method" as prescribed in NACUBO Advisory Report 2000-05 to determine the reported net tuition scholarship allowances. Under this method, the University computes these amounts by allocating the cash payments to students, excluding payments for services, using a ratio of total aid to aid not considered third-party aid.

The statement of cash flows is presented using the direct method in compliance with GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>. Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and cash in demand accounts. University cash deposits are held in banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All such deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Cash and cash equivalents that are externally restricted to purchase or construct capital or other restricted assets are classified as restricted.

<u>Capital Assets</u>. University capital assets consist of land, works of art and historical treasures, construction in progress, buildings, infrastructure and other improvements, furniture and equipment, library resources, leasehold improvements, and computer software. These assets are capitalized and recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or at acquisition value at the date received in the case of gifts and purchases of State surplus property. Additions, improvements, and other outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The University has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for tangible personal property, and \$50,000 for new buildings and building improvements. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

- Buildings 10 to 50 years
- Infrastructure and Other Improvements 10 to 50 years
- Furniture and Equipment 5 to 20 years
- Library Resources 10 years
- Leasehold Improvements 10 years or the term of the lease, whichever is greater

Computer Software – 5 years

Noncurrent Liabilities. Noncurrent liabilities include loans and notes payable, revenue received in advance, compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liabilities that are not scheduled to be paid within the next fiscal year.

<u>Pensions</u>. For purposes of measuring the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and HIS fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Deficit Net Position in Individual Funds

The University reported an unrestricted net position which included a deficit in the current unrestricted and restricted funds as shown below.

<u>Fund</u>	Net Position
Current Unrestricted:	
General Revenue Fund	\$ (155,736,452)
All Other Current Unrestricted Funds	66,499,522
Current Restricted	(4,398,125)
Total	\$ (93,635,055)

This deficit can primarily be attributed to the full recognition of long-term liabilities (i.e., compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits (OPEB) payable, and net pension liabilities) in the current unrestricted funds that are expected to be paid over time and financed by future appropriations.

3. Investments

Section 1011.42(5), Florida Statutes, authorizes universities to invest funds with the State Treasury and State Board of Administration (SBA) and requires that universities comply with the statutory requirements governing investment of public funds by local governments. Accordingly, universities are subject to the requirements of Chapter 218, Part IV, Florida Statutes. The Board of Trustees has adopted a written investment policy providing that surplus funds of the University shall be invested in those institutions and instruments permitted under the provisions of Florida Statutes. Pursuant to Section 218.415(16), Florida Statutes, the University is authorized to invest in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits and savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; obligations of Federal agencies and instrumentalities; securities of, or interests in, certain open end or closed end management type investment companies; and other investments approved by the Board of Trustees as authorized by law.

The University categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

All of the University's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021, are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs), with the exception of corporate bonds and notes and Obligations of United States (U.S.) Government Agencies and Instrumentalities which are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs) and investments with the State Treasury which are valued based on the University's share of the pool (Level 3 inputs).

The University's investments at June 30, 2021, are reported as follows:

		Fair Value Measurements Using					ing
Investments by Fair Value Level	Amount	r	uoted Prices in Active Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)
External Investment Pool:							
State Treasury Special Purpose Investment Account United States Treasury Securities	\$ 51,563,407 4,742,966	\$	- 4,742,966	\$	-	\$	51,563,407 -
Obligations of United States Government Agencies and Instrumentalities	4,268,366		_		4,268,366		_
Bonds and Notes Mutual Funds:	16,459,668		-		16,459,668		-
Equities	6,928,142		6,928,142		-		-
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	83,962,549	\$	11,671,108	\$	20,728,034	\$	51,563,407
Investments at Amortized Cost							
SBA Florida Prime	1,155,728						
Total Investments	\$ 85,118,277	1					

External Investment Pools.

The University reported investments at fair value totaling \$51,563,407 at June 30, 2021, in the State Treasury Special Purpose Investment Account (SPIA) investment pool, representing ownership of a share of the pool, not the underlying securities. Pooled investments with the State Treasury are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Oversight of the pooled investments with the State Treasury is provided by the Treasury Investment Committee per Section 17.575, Florida Statutes. The authorized investment types are set forth in Section 17.57, Florida Statutes. The State Treasury SPIA investment pool carried a credit rating of AA-f by Standard & Poor's, had an effective duration of 2.60 years, and fair value factor of 0.9840 at June 30, 2021. Participants contribute to the State Treasury SPIA investment pool on a dollar basis. These funds are commingled and a fair value of the pool is determined from the individual values of the securities. The fair value of the securities is summed and a total pool fair value is determined. A fair value factor is calculated by dividing the pool's total fair value by the pool participant's total cash balances. The fair value factor is the ratio used to determine the fair value of an individual participant's pool balance. The University relies on policies developed by the State Treasury for managing interest rate risk or credit risk for this investment pool. Disclosures for the State

Treasury investment pool are included in the notes to financial statements of the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

At June 30, 2021, the University reported investments totaling \$1,155,728 in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA pursuant to Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The University's investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. The Florida PRIME investment pool carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and had a weighted-average days to maturity (WAM) of 50 days as of June 30, 2021. A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days, based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating-rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the Florida PRIME investment pool to interest rate changes. The investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool are reported at amortized cost.

Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, provides that "the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days." As of June 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Other Investments.

The following risks apply to the University's investments in other than external investment pools:

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Pursuant to Section 218.415(16), Florida Statutes, the University's investments in securities must provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. Investments of the University in debt securities and bond and notes, and their future maturities at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

University Debt Investments Maturities

		Investments Maturities (In Years)				
Investment True	Fair	Less	4.5	More		
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	Than 1	1-5	Than 5		
United States Treasury Securities Obligations of United States Government	\$ 4,742,966	\$ -	\$ 4,742,966	\$ -		
Agencies and Instrumentalities	4,268,366	178,660	1,098,612	2,991,094		
Bonds and Notes	16,459,668	1,278,483	14,195,616	985,569		
Total Investments	\$ 25,471,000	\$ 1,457,143	\$ 20,037,194	\$ 3,976,663		

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Obligations of the United States Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the United States Government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality. The University's investment policy limits fixed income exposure to investment grade assets and provides credit quality guidelines applicable to the investment objective. The following schedule represents the ratings at June 30, 2021, of the University's debt instruments using Moody's and Standard & Poor's nationally recognized rating agencies:

University Debt Investments Quality Ratings

Investment Type	Fair Value	AAA	AA	A	Le	ss Than A
United States Treasury Securities Obligations of United States Government	\$ 4,742,966	\$ 4,742,966	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Agencies and Instrumentalities	4,268,366	4,268,366	-	-		-
Bonds and Notes	16,459,668	5,314,714	3,906,314	7,135,373		103,267
Total Investments	\$ 25,471,000	\$ 14,326,046	\$ 3,906,314	\$ 7,135,373	\$	103,267

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the University's investments in a single issuer. The University's investment policies require diversification sufficient to reduce the potential of a single security, single sector of securities, or single style of management having a disproportionate or significant impact on the portfolio. The University's policy considers credit risk on an investment type basis and established that in equities, no more than 10 percent of the portfolio should be invested in any one company.

Component Units' Investments.

The University of West Florida Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) has an investment policy which provides guidelines for the investment of Foundation assets. The purpose of these assets is to further the overall mission of the University. The objectives of the assets are the enhancement of capital and real purchasing power while limiting exposure to risk of loss. Real purchasing power of real rate of return will be defined as returns in excess of inflation as defined by Consumer Price Index. The investment policy provides information on authorized asset classes, target allocations and ranges of acceptable investment categories.

Investments held by the Foundation at June 30, 2021, are reported at fair value as follows:

			Fair Value Measurements Using				ing	
Investments by Fair Value Level		Amount	N Ide	oted Prices in Active Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	0	ignificant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Un	significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments Measured at Fair Value: Equity Securities - Domestic and International	\$	76,583,322	\$	75,505,518	\$	1,077,804	\$	
Debt Securities		21,504,895		15,264,600		6,240,295		
External Investment Pool: State Treasury Special Purpose Investment Account		6,362,752						6,362,752
Alternative Investments: Private Equity Investments Real Estate Investment Trust	·	2,414,537 4,313,311		- -		- -		2,414,537 4,313,311
Total Alternative Investments		6,727,848		-		-		6,727,848
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		111,178,817	\$	90,770,118	\$	7,318,099	\$	13,090,600
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV): Fund of Fund Hedge Funds Private Equity Investments		8,953,462 5,956,746						
Total Investments Measured at NAV		14,910,208						
Total Investments	\$	126,089,025						

Other information for investments measured at NAV or its equivalent follows:

	ı	Net Asset Value	Jnfunded mmitments	Redemption Notice Period	
Fund of Fund Hedge Funds:					
				Quarterly to	
Equity Market Neutral	\$	8,953,462	\$ -	Semi-annual	95 Days
Private Equity Investments		5,956,746	6,809,639	N/A (1)	N/A (1)
Total Investments Measured at NAV	\$	14,910,208	\$ 6,809,639		

⁽¹⁾ These funds are in private equity structures with no ability to be redeemed.

The investments above of \$126,089,025 at fair value, and certificates of deposits totaling \$511,408 equal a total investment holding for the Foundation of \$126,600,433 at June 30, 2021.

Fair Value Measurement: Equity Securities: Investments in equity securities are measured at fair value using quoted market prices. They are classified as Level 1 when they are traded in an active market for which closing stock prices are readily available.

Debt Securities: Investments in fixed income securities are classified as Level 1 as they trade with sufficient frequency and volume to enable the Foundation to obtain pricing information on an ongoing basis. However, a small segment of debt security holdings is in a High Yield Commingled Fund where there are inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable, either directly or indirectly, and therefore included in Level 2.

External Investment Pool: Investments in the State Treasury SPIA investment pool are classified as Level 3.

Alternative Investments: Investments in private equity partnerships for which there is no readily determinable fair value is classified as Level 3 as the valuation is based on significant unobservable inputs.

Private Equity and Real Estate Investment Trust: Private equity and real estate investment trust funds for which there are not readily determinable fair values are classified as Level 3 as the valuation is based on significant unobservable inputs. Private equity and real estate investment trusts are partnerships formed for the purpose of acquiring, holding, managing and selling income producing real estate and real estate related assets, including interests in joint venture development projects for current income or investment and capital appreciation over a 3 to 5 year holding period.

While the Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Foundation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. It is the Foundation's policy to require that all securities be held by the Foundation's agent in the Foundation's name. The Foundation's investments as of June 30, 2021, excluding mutual funds and alternative investments, are uninsured and registered with securities held by the Foundation's agent in the Foundation's name. Mutual funds and alternative investments do not have specific securities, are uninsured, and are held in the book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. The Foundation's investment policy requires diversification of investments sufficient to reduce the potential of a single security, single sector of securities, or single investment manager having a disproportionate or significant impact on the portfolio. Guidelines for individual sectors of the portfolio further indicate percentage limitations. Disclosure of any issuer of investments that in the aggregate is 5 percent or more of the portfolio is required to be disclosed as a concentration of credit risk (investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are exempt). As of June 30, 2021, there were no concentrations of credit risk.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2021, the credit quality ratings of the Foundation's debt securities were as follows:

Standard & Poor's Credit Rating	Amount
AAA	\$ 8,992,230
AA	1,145,374
A	3,140,800
BBB	3,749,826
BB	3,463,338
В	518,918
Below B	107,336
Unrated	387,073
Total Debt Securities Investments	\$ 21,504,895

Credit risk for alternative investments consist of funds that may include underlying securities including equities, fixed income, real estate, and other types of investments. The schedule above only reflects the credit risk related to debt securities that are directly held by the Foundation.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Foundation's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss occurring from interest rate risk is through maintaining diversification of its investments and investment maturities so as to minimize the impact of downturns in the market as stated above.

As of June 30, 2021, the Foundation's debt securities of \$21,504,895 had weighted average maturities of:

Total	Less Than	
Fair Value	1 Year	1 - 5 Years
\$ 21.504.895	\$ 9.372.172	\$ 12.132.723

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies could adversely affect an investment's fair value. It is the Foundation's policy to limit its exposure to foreign currency risk by limiting the asset allocation in international investments in accordance with the established targets in the approved investment policy. As of June 30, 2021, the Foundation did not have any direct investments subject to this risk. As of June 30, 2021, the Foundation's assets were held in U.S. currency; the currency risk on international and global assets is absorbed by the underlying investments managers.

Investments held by West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc. at June 30, 2021, consist of certificates of deposits totaling \$179,506.

4. Receivables

<u>Accounts Receivable</u>. Accounts receivable represent amounts for student tuition and fees, contract and grant reimbursements due from third parties, various sales and services provided to students and third parties, and interest accrued on investments and loans receivable. As of June 30, 2021, the University reported the following amounts as accounts receivable:

Description	Amount
Contracts and Grants	\$16,372,648
Student Tuition and Fees	2,732,374
Other	39,584
Gross Accounts Receivable Less Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	19,144,606 463,959
Total Accounts Receivable	\$18,680,647

Allowances for doubtful accounts are reported based on management's best estimate as of fiscal year end considering type, age, collection history, and other factors considered appropriate. No allowance has been accrued for contracts and grants receivable. University management considers these to be fully collectible.

5. Due From State

The amount due from State consists of \$2,875,234 of Capital Improvement Fee Trust Funds for renovation and construction of University facilities.

6. Due To Component Units

The \$3,037,185 reported as due to component units consists primarily of amounts owed by the University to the Foundation totaling \$3,035,079, comprised of cash deposits on hold at the University for the Foundation for direct charge for services provided by the University and for lost housing revenue funded from Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds II institutional aid. The remaining difference of \$2,106 is related to UWF Business Enterprises, Inc. cash deposits on hold for direct charges for services provided by the University. Pursuant to agreements in place between the University and the direct-support organizations (DSOs), each DSO can deposit funds at the University to use services that support their respective operations.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is shown in the following table:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land Works of Art and Historical Treasures Construction in Progress	\$ 11,589,150 17,847,057 3,852,831	\$ - 155,210 134,563	\$ - 1,119,905 524,370	\$ 11,589,150 16,882,362 3,463,024
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	\$ 33,289,038	\$ 289,773	\$ 1,644,275	\$ 31,934,536
Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Infrastructure and Other Improvements Furniture and Equipment Library Resources Leasehold Improvements Computer Software	\$ 221,344,545 38,872,758 41,754,697 27,241,529 1,987,430 683,800	\$ 897,050 - 2,121,844 - 513,529	\$ - - 6,615,294 - - -	\$ 222,241,595 38,872,758 37,261,247 27,241,529 2,500,959 683,800
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	331,884,759	3,532,423	6,615,294	328,801,888
Less, Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings Infrastructure and Other Improvements Furniture and Equipment Library Resources Leasehold Improvements Computer Software	102,070,580 24,364,229 30,237,721 27,241,529 283,391 681,911	5,195,096 1,408,176 2,791,350 - 206,155	- 5,904,011 - - -	107,265,676 25,772,405 27,125,060 27,241,529 489,546 681,911
Total Accumulated Depreciation	184,879,361	9,600,777	5,904,011	188,576,127
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 147,005,398	\$ (6,068,354)	\$ 711,283	\$ 140,225,761

8. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities of the University at June 30, 2021, include revenue received in advance, loans and notes payable, compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liability. Long-term liabilities activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is shown in the following table:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Revenue Received in Advance	\$ 10,122,273	\$ 2,045,000	\$ 162,027	\$ 12,005,246	\$ 50,359
Loans and Notes Payable	-	233,497	-	233,497	-
Compensated Absences Payable	16,649,571	1,268,674	2,130,774	15,787,471	1,648,792
Other Postemployment					
Benefits Payable	112,729,335	54,422,736	70,439,666	96,712,405	1,569,183
Net Pension Liability	67,320,120	40,964,929	29,096,267	79,188,782	176,897
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 206,821,299	\$ 98,934,836	\$ 101,828,734	\$ 203,927,401	\$ 3,445,231

Revenue Received in Advance. Revenue received in advance consists primarily of funds received but not yet earned under a grant from the State Economic Development Initiative. Total revenue received in advance at June 30, 2021, amounted to \$12,005,246, with \$50,359 expected to be earned during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

Compensated Absences Payable. Employees earn the right to be compensated during absences for annual leave (vacation) and sick leave earned pursuant to Board of Governors' Regulations, University regulations, and bargaining agreements. Leave earned is accrued to the credit of the employee and records are kept on each employee's unpaid (unused) leave balance. The University reports a liability for the accrued leave; however, State noncapital appropriations fund only the portion of accrued leave that is used or paid in the current fiscal year. Although the University expects the liability to be funded primarily from future appropriations, generally accepted accounting principles do not permit the recording of a receivable in anticipation of future appropriations. At June 30, 2021, the estimated liability for compensated absences, which includes the University's share of the Florida Retirement System and FICA contributions, totaled \$15,787,471. The current portion of the compensated absences liability, \$1,648,792, is the amount expected to be paid in the coming fiscal year and represents a historical percentage of leave used applied to total accrued leave liability.

<u>Other Postemployment Benefits Payable</u>. The University follows GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for certain postemployment healthcare benefits administered by the State Group Health Insurance Program.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Division of State Group Insurance's Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, all employees who retire from the University are eligible to participate in the State Group Health Insurance Program. Retirees and their eligible dependents shall be offered the same health and hospitalization insurance coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees. A retiree means any officer or employee who retires under a State retirement system or State optional annuity or retirement program or is placed on disability retirement and who begins receiving retirement benefits immediately after retirement from employment. In addition, any officer or employee who retires under the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan is considered a "retiree" if he or she meets the age and service requirements to qualify for normal retirement or has attained the age of 59.5 years and has the years of service required for vesting. The University subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because retiree healthcare costs are generally greater than active employee healthcare costs. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms necessary for funding the OPEB Plan each year is on a pay-as-you-go basis as established by the Governor's recommended budget and the General Appropriations Act. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare (Medicare) program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible.

Benefits Provided. The OPEB Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The OPEB Plan only provides an implicit subsidy as described above.

Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability

The University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability of \$96,712,405 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the University's proportionate share, determined by its proportion of total benefit payments made, was 0.939863754624 percent, which was an increase of 0.049303526784 from its proportionate share reported as of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary increases Varies by FRS Class

Discount rate 2.66 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates

PPO Plan 7.78 percent for 2021, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.04 percent for 2076

and later years

HMO Plan 5.66 percent for 2021, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.04 percent for 2076

and later years

Retirees' share of benefit-related

costs

100 percent of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the 20-year Standard & Poor's Municipal Bond Rate Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 mortality tables with fully generational mortality improvement using Scale MP-2018.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, and withdrawal used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010, through December 31, 2014, adopted by the FRS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the July 1, 2020, valuation.

The following changes have been made since the prior valuation:

- Census Data The census data reflects changes in status for the 12-month period since July 1, 2020.
- Discount Rate The discount rate was updated to utilize the mandated discount rate based on a 20-year Standard & Poor's Municipal Bond Rate Index as of the measurement date, as required under GASB Statement No. 75. The discount rate decreased from 2.79 percent to 2.66 percent.

- Mortality Mortality rates were updated to align with those used in the actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) conducted by Milliman as of July 1, 2019. Rates were previously based on RP-2000 mortality tables with fully generational improvement using Scale BB. Underlying tables were updated to use PUB-2010 mortality tables with fully generational mortality improvement using Scale MP-2018. This change decreased the total OPEB liability by about 5 percent.
- Excise ("Cadillac") Tax The previous valuation conducted as of July 1, 2019, reflected the full impact of the Excise Tax that was to go into effect in 2022. The impact of this change was an increase in liabilities of about 12 percent. Since the previous valuation, this tax was repealed. The current valuation reflects this. The impact of this change is a decrease in the total OPEB liability of about 13 percent.
- Claims Costs and Premium Rates The assumed claims and premiums reflect the actual claims information provided as well as the premiums that are actually being charged to participants. The recent favorable claims experience resulted in lower liabilities as of June 30, 2020.
- Trend Rate The medical trend assumption was updated based on the Getzen Model. Medical
 trend rates consistent with the August 2020 Report on the Financial Outlook of the Plan were
 used along with information from the Getzen Model and actuarial judgement. The impact of the
 trend rate changes is a small decrease in the liability, due primarily to lower trend rates in the first
 several years.
- Active Medical Plan Elections Most actively employed participants in the Plan are health plan subscribers. Those participants are assumed to continue their current health coverage into retirement. For those who are not currently covered under the health plan, 72 percent are assumed to elect PPO coverage in retirement. The remaining 28 percent are assumed to elect HMO coverage. This assumption is based on guidance provided by the DSGI in an e-mail on September 22, 2020. This change resulted in a small decrease in the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.66 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.66 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (1.66%)	Current Discount Rate (2.66%)	1% Increase (3.66%)	
University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	\$120,160,679	\$96,712,405	\$78,957,732	

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following table presents the University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	\$77,328,622	\$96,712,405	\$123,228,567

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the University recognized OPEB expense of \$6,602,215. At June 30, 2021, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected	_			
and actual experience	\$	-	\$	5,650,638
Change of assumptions or other inputs Changes in proportion and differences		12,785,701		36,599,489
between University benefit payments		40 404 000		
and proportionate share of benefit payments Transactions subsequent to the		16,191,306		-
measurement date	,	1,608,467		
Total	\$	30,585,474	\$	42,250,127

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$1,608,467 resulting from transactions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the total OPEB liability and included in OPEB expense in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount	
2022	\$ (2,989,020))
2023	(2,989,020)
2024	(2,989,020)
2025	(2,989,020)
2026	(1,171,541)
Thereafter	(145,499)
Total	\$ (13,273,120))

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>. As a participating employer in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), the University recognizes its proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities of the FRS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. As of June 30, 2021, the University's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities totaled \$79,188,782. Note 9. includes a complete discussion of defined benefit pension plans.

9. Retirement Plans - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS).

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, also provides for nonintegrated, optional retirement programs in lieu of the FRS to certain members of the Senior Management Service Class employed by the State and faculty and specified employees in the State university system. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the University are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The University's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$15,325,001 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Senior Management Service Class Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are employed as law enforcement officers and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of creditable service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible

for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS-participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age, and/or years of service, average final compensation, and credit service. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on retirement plan and/or the class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Class	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit

by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2020-21 fiscal year were:

	Percent of	Gross Salary
Class	Employee	Employer (1)
FRS, Regular	3.00	10.00
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	27.29
FRS, Special Risk	3.00	24.45
Teachers Retirement System, Plan E	6.25	11.90
Deferred Retirement Option Program (applicable to members from all of the above classes)	0.00	16.98
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

- (1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.
- (2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The University's contributions to the Plan totaled \$5,087,776 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2021, the University reported a liability of \$62,220,251 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The University's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the University's 2019-20 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2020, the University's proportionate share was 0.143558225 percent, which was a decrease of 0.005886887 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the University recognized pension expense of \$13,610,422. In addition, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	2,381,296	\$	-
Change of assumptions		11,263,845		-
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on FRS Plan investments		3,704,654		-
Changes in proportion and differences between University contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		941,169		1,492,991
University FRS contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		5,087,776		
Total	\$	23,378,740	\$	1,492,991

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$5,087,776, resulting from University contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2022	Ф 2.746.704
2022	\$ 3,716,791
2023	5,520,117
2024	4,590,760
2025	2,578,225
2026	392,080
Total	\$ 16,797,973

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.80 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation (1)</u>	Annual Arithmetic <u>Return</u>	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard <u>Deviation</u>
Cash	1.0%	2.2%	2.2%	1.2%
Fixed Income	19.0%	3.0%	2.9%	3.5%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.0%	6.7%	17.1%
Real Estate (Property)	10.3%	6.4%	5.8%	11.7%
Private Equity	11.1%	10.8%	8.1%	25.7%
Strategic Investments	4.4%	5.5%	5.3%	6.9%
Total	100.0%	•		
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.7%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2020 valuation was updated from 6.90 percent to 6.80 percent.

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.80 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.80%)	Current Discount Rate (6.80%)	1% Increase (7.80%)
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$99,355,283	\$62,220,251	\$31,204,909

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2021, the University reported a payable of \$430,434 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement with

a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The University contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The University's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$749,137 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2021, the University reported a liability of \$16,968,531 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the University's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the University's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The University's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the University's 2019-20 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2020, the University's proportionate share was 0.138974263 percent, which was a decrease of 0.002712256 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the University recognized pension expense of \$1,714,579. In addition, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected				
and actual experience	\$	694,116	\$	13,090
Change of assumptions		1,824,600		986,654
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on HIS Plan investments		13,548		-
Changes in proportion and differences between University HIS contributions and proportionate				
share of HIS contributions		622,215		293,481
University HIS contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		749,137		
Total	\$	3,903,616	\$	1,293,225

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$749,137, resulting from University contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Amount	
2022	\$	692,977	
2023		468,792	
2024		87,324	
2025		180,194	
2026		242,376	
Thereafter		189,591	
Total	\$	1,861,254	

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability at July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation

Municipal bond rate 2.21 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. This is a change from the prior year mortality assumption which was based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.21 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used in the 2020 valuation was updated from 3.50 percent to 2.21 percent.

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.21 percent, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (1.21%)	Current Discount Rate (2.21%)	1% Increase (3.21%)
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$19,614,865	\$16,968,531	\$14,802,515

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2021, the University reported a payable of \$75,966 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

10. Retirement Plans - Defined Contribution Pension Plans

FRS Investment Plan. The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. University employees already participating in the State University System Optional Retirement Program or DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contributions, that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2020-21 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross
<u>Class</u>	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67
FRS, Special Risk Regular	14.00

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the FRS Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested

for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the University.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may roll over vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The University's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$1,334,279 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

<u>State University System Optional Retirement Program</u>. Section 121.35, Florida Statutes, provides for an Optional Retirement Program (Program) for eligible university instructors and administrators. The Program is designed to aid State universities in recruiting employees by offering more portability to employees not expected to remain in the FRS for 8 or more years.

The Program is a defined contribution plan, which provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted to the participating companies on behalf of the participant. Employees in eligible positions can make an irrevocable election to participate in the Program, rather than the FRS, and purchase retirement and death benefits through contracts provided by certain insurance carriers. The employing university contributes 5.14 percent of the participant's salary to the participant's account, 3.44 percent to cover the unfunded actuarial liability of the FRS pension plan, and 0.01 percent to cover administrative costs, for a total of 8.59 percent, and employees contribute 3 percent of the employee's salary. Additionally, the employee may contribute, by payroll deduction, an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the University to the participant's annuity account. The contributions are invested in the company or companies selected by the participant to create a fund for the purchase of annuities at retirement.

The University's contributions to the Program totaled \$3,608,531, and employee contributions totaled \$2,128,213 for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

11. Construction Commitment

The University's construction commitment at June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Project Description	Total Commitment	Completed to Date	Balance Committed
Medium Voltage Switchgear Replacement Project	\$ 3,500,733	\$ 3,463,024	\$ 37,709

12. Risk Management Programs

The University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Pursuant to

Section 1001.72(2), Florida Statutes, the University participates in State self-insurance programs providing insurance for property and casualty, workers' compensation, general liability, fleet automotive liability, Federal Civil Rights, and employment discrimination liability. During the 2020-21 fiscal year, for property losses, the State retained the first \$2 million per occurrence for all perils except named windstorm and flood. The State retained the first \$2 million per occurrence with an annual aggregate retention of \$40 million for named windstorm and flood losses. After the annual aggregate retention, losses in excess of \$2 million per occurrence were commercially insured up to \$62.75 million for named windstorm and flood through February 14, 2021, and decreased to \$57.5 million starting February 15, 2021. For perils other than named windstorm and flood, losses in excess of \$2 million per occurrence were commercially insured up to \$162.25 million through February 14, 2021, and increased to \$167.5 million starting February 15, 2021; and losses exceeding those amounts were retained by the State. No excess insurance coverage is provided for workers' compensation, general and automotive liability, Federal Civil Rights and employment action coverage; all losses in these categories are completely self-insured by the State through the State Risk Management Trust Fund established pursuant to Chapter 284. Florida Statutes. Payments on tort claims are limited to \$200,000 per person and \$300,000 per occurrence as set by Section 768.28(5), Florida Statutes. Calculation of premiums considers the cash needs of the program and the amount of risk exposure for each participant. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past 3 fiscal years.

Pursuant to Section 110.123, Florida Statutes, University employees may obtain healthcare services through participation in the State group health insurance plan or through membership in a health maintenance organization plan under contract with the State. The State's risk financing activities associated with State group health insurance, such as risk of loss related to medical and prescription drug claims, are administered through the State Employees Group Health Insurance Trust Fund. It is the practice of the State not to purchase commercial coverage for the risk of loss covered by this Fund. Additional information on the State's group health insurance plan, including the actuarial report, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of State Group Insurance.

13. Litigation

The University is involved in several pending and threatened legal actions. The range of potential loss from all such claims and actions, as estimated by the University's legal counsel and management, should not materially affect the University's financial position.

14. Functional Distribution of Operating Expenses

The functional classification of an operating expense (instruction, research, etc.) is assigned to a department based on the nature of the activity, which represents the material portion of the activity attributable to the department. For example, activities of an academic department for which the primary departmental function is instruction may include some activities other than direct instruction such as research and public service. However, when the primary mission of the department consists of instructional program elements, all expenses of the department are reported under the instruction classification. The operating expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are presented by natural classifications. The following are those same expenses presented in functional classifications as recommended by NACUBO:

Functional Classification		Amount
Instruction	\$	66,004,812
Research		13,613,011
Public Services		23,099,158
Academic Support		29,730,491
Student Services		11,906,922
Institutional Support		26,858,386
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		12,507,338
Scholarships, Fellowships, and Waivers		28,586,665
Depreciation		9,600,777
Auxiliary Enterprises		21,884,904
Loan Operations		10,082
Total Operating Expenses	\$:	243,802,546

15. Discretely Presented Component Units

The University has three discretely presented component units as discussed in Note 1. These component units comprise 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the aggregate discretely presented component units columns of the financial statements. The following financial information is from the most recently available audited financial statements for the component units:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Dire			
	University of West Florida	West Florida Historic	UWF Business	
	Foundation, Inc.	Preservation, Inc.	Enterprises, Inc.	
	6-30-21	6-30-21	6-30-21	Total
Assets:				
Current Assets	\$ 17,621,031	\$ 2,015,304	\$ 898,948	\$ 20,535,283
Capital Assets, Net	48,154,304	4,386,457	3,763,953	56,304,714
Other Noncurrent Assets	126,148,188	834		126,149,022
Total Assets	191,923,523	6,402,595	4,662,901	202,989,019
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities	3,607,103	118,352	597,905	4,323,360
Noncurrent Liabilities	37,759,953	278,690	8,376,128	46,414,771
Total Liabilities	41,367,056	397,042	8,974,033	50,738,131
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,904,789			1,904,789
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,998,870	4,386,457	3,763,953	18,149,280
Restricted Nonexpendable	66,401,120	-	-	66,401,120
Restricted Expendable	68,588,137	209,429	-	68,797,566
Unrestricted	3,663,551	1,409,667	(8,075,085)	(3,001,867)
Total Net Position	\$ 148,651,678	\$ 6,005,553	\$ (4,311,132)	\$ 150,346,099

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

		Direc	ct-Sı	ıpport Organiza	tions	i	
	٧	Jniversity of Vest Florida undation, Inc. 6-30-21		West Florida Historic eservation, Inc. 6-30-21		UWF Business erprises, Inc. 6-30-21	Total
Operating Revenues	\$	14,025,274	\$	800,397	\$	1,036,306	\$ 15,861,977
Depreciation Expense Operating Expenses		(3,124,229) (6,674,581)		(430,967) (1,070,774)		(139,379) (669,973)	(3,694,575) (8,415,328)
Operating Income (Loss)		4,226,464		(701,344)		226,954	3,752,074
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
Nonoperating Revenues		29,655,648		350,969		-	30,006,617
Interest Expense		(1,445,825)		-		-	(1,445,825)
Other Nonoperating Expenses		(4,801,659)					 (4,801,659)
Net Nonoperating Revenues		23,408,164		350,969			 23,759,133
Other Revenues		2,806,534				-	 2,806,534
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		30,441,162		(350,375)		226,954	30,317,741
Net Position, Beginning of Year		118,210,516		6,355,928		(4,538,086)	120,028,358
Net Position, End of Year	\$	148,651,678	\$	6,005,553	\$	(4,311,132)	\$ 150,346,099

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016
University's proportion of the total other						
postemployment benefits liability	0.94%	0.89%		0.79%	0.79%	0.77%
University's proportionate share of the total other						
postemployment benefits liability	\$ 96,712,405	\$ 112,729,335	\$	83,357,000	\$ 85,002,000	\$ 91,051,000
University's covered-employee payroll	\$ 94,633,730	\$ 91,294,267	\$	94,792,234	\$ 84,509,945	\$ 80,338,474
University's proportionate share of the total other						
postemployment benefits liability as a						
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	102.20%	123.48%		87.94%	100.58%	113.33%

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Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

		2020 (1)	_	2019 (1)	_	2018 (1)	_	2017 (1)
University's proportion of the FRS net pension liability University's proportionate share of	0.	143558225%	(0.149445112%	C).151231440%	0	.145922896%
the FRS net pension liability	\$	62,220,251	\$	51,466,816	\$	45,551,694	\$	43,163,014
University's covered payroll (2)	\$	92,298,070	\$	90,132,197	\$	87,347,832	\$	84,767,273
University's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		67.41%		57.10%		52.15%		50.92%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the FRS total pension liability		78.85%		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of University Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

	_	2021 (1)	 2020 (1)	_	2019 (1)	2018 (1)
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$	5,087,776	\$ 4,769,804	\$	4,633,877	\$ 4,309,975
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(5,087,776)	(4,769,804)		(4,633,877)	 (4,309,975)
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u> </u>
University's covered payroll (2)	\$	86,958,969	\$ 92,298,070	\$	90,132,197	\$ 87,347,832
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.85%	5.17%		5.14%	4.93%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State university system optional retirement program members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State university system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

_	2016 (1)	_	2015 (1)	_	2014 (1)	_	2013 (1)
0.	.143843124%	0	.136590124%	C).123943291%	C).101621006%
\$ \$	36,320,502 80,346,498		17,642,446 72,474,365		7,562,363 65,432,933		17,493,498 80,062,817
	45.20%		24.34%		11.56%		21.85%
	84.88%		92.00%		96.09%		88.54%

_	2017 (1)	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014 (1)
\$	3,798,732 \$	3,507,844 \$	3,330,183	\$ 2,714,884
	(3,798,732)	(3,507,844)	(3,330,183)	(2,714,884)
\$	- \$	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u>	\$ -
\$	84,767,273 \$	80,346,498 \$	72,474,365	\$ 65,432,933
	4.48%	4.37%	4.59%	4.15%

Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

		2020 (1)	_	2019 (1)	_	2018 (1)		2017 (1)
University's proportion of the HIS net pension liability University's proportionate share of	0.	138974263%	0	.141686519%	0	.141160531%	0	.140025649%
the HIS net pension liability	\$	16,968,531	\$	15,853,304	\$	14,940,590	\$	14,972,187
University's covered payroll (2)	\$	47,765,677	\$	46,974,798	\$	45,786,177	\$	44,164,277
University's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		35.52%		33.75%		32.63%		33.90%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the HIS total pension liability		3.00%		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of University Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

	 2021 (1)	_	2020 (1)	_	2019 (1)	_	2018 (1)
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 749,137	\$	800,844	\$	786,771	\$	765,517
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required HIS							
contribution	(749,137)		(800,844)	_	<u>(786,771)</u>		<u>(765,517)</u>
HIS contribution deficiency							
(excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
University's covered payroll (2)	\$ 44,973,100	\$	47,765,677	\$	46,974,798	\$	45,786,177
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.67%		1.68%		1.67%		1.67%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

_	2016 (1)	-	2015 (1)	-	2014 (1)	_	2013 (1)
0	.141032901%	(0.128838678%	C).118618004%	C).113527947%
\$ \$	16,436,799 43,134,639		13,139,518 38,823,836		11,091,073 34,892,579		9,884,100 32,980,756
	38.11%		33.84%		31.79%		29.97%
	0.97%		0.50%		0.99%		1.78%

_	2017 (1)	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014 (1)
\$	741,056 \$	722,884 \$	492,502	\$ 406,345
	(741,056)	(722,884)	(492,502)	(406,345)
\$	- \$	- \$		\$ -
\$	44,164,277 \$	43,134,639 \$	38,823,836	\$ 34,892,579
	1.68%	1.68%	1.27%	1.16%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Changes of Assumptions. The discount rate was updated to utilize the mandated discount rate based on a 20-year Standard & Poor's Municipal Bond Rate Index as of the measurement date, as required under GASB Statement No. 75. The discount rate decreased from 2.79 percent to 2.66 percent. Mortality rates were updated to align with those used in the actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) conducted by Milliman as of July 1, 2019. Rates were previously based on RP-2000 mortality tables with fully generational improvement using Scale BB. Underlying tables were updated to use PUB-2010 mortality tables with fully generational improvement using Scale MP-2018. The previous valuation conducted as of July 1, 2019, reflected the full impact of the Excise Tax that was to go into effect in 2022. Since the previous valuation, this tax was repealed. The current valuation reflects this. The impact of these changes is a decrease in the total OPEB liability. Refer to Note 8. to the financial statements for further details.

2. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. The long-term expected rate of return decreased from 6.90 percent to 6.80 percent, and the assumed inflation decreased from 2.60 percent to 2.40 percent.

Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. The municipal rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 3.50 percent to 2.21 percent, the assumed inflation decreased from 2.60 percent to 2.40 percent, and the active member mortality assumption was updated.



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the University of West Florida, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its aggregate discretely presented component units as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2022, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, as described in our report on the University's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the University's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control

that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee, Florida

February 15, 2022