

COMMON DATA SET

Academic Year 2015 – 2016



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2016

A. GEN

A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:

 \boxtimes Coeducational college

	Common Data Set 2015-2016
Α.	GENERAL INFORMATION
A0.	Respondent Information (Not for Publication) Name Shannon Walden Title ASPIRE Coordinator Office Institutional Research
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 11000 University Pkwy Pensacola, FL Phone 8504742632 Fax
	E-mail Address swalden@uwf.edu
	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:
	A0A. We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.
A1.	Address Information Name of College or University The University of West Florida Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 11000 University Parkway Pensacola, Florida 32514-5750
	Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country Main Phone Number 850-474-2200 WWW Home Page Address http://uwf.edu Admissions Phone Number 850-474-2230 Admissions Toll-free Number 800-263-1074
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country The University of West Florida Office of Admissions 11000 University Parkway Pensacola, Florida 32514-5750
	Admissions Fax Number 850-474-3360 Admissions E-mail Address admissions@uwf.edu If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	☑ Public☐ Private (nonprofit)☐ Proprietary



Men's college
Women's college



		Common Data Set A
A4. Academic year calendar		
	☐ 4-1-4	
Quarter	☐ Continuous	
☐ Trimester	☐ Differs by program (describe):	
Other (describe):		
A5. Degrees offered by your	institution	
☐ Certificate	Postbachelor's certificate	
□ Diploma	Master's	
Associate	Nost-master's certificate	
Transfer	Doctoral degree	
_	research/scholarship	
Terminal	Doctoral degree –	
	professional practice	
⊠ Bachelor's	Doctoral degree other	
_		



B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2015. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FU	LL-TIME	PA	RT-TIME
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	590	607	9	11
Other first-year, degree- seeking	51	87	2	4
All other degree-seeking	2456	3234	1125	1610
Total degree-seeking	3097	3928	1136	1625
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	60	79	129	146
Total undergraduates	3157	4007	1265	1771
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	66	131	173	341
All other degree-seeking	92	259	447	769
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	7	4	80	229
Total graduate	165	394	700	1339

Total all undergraduates:10,200
Total all graduate:2,598
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS:12,798



B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2015. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	24	166	290
Hispanic	123	898	915
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	173	1295	1325
White, non-Hispanic	723	6386	6598
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	4	45	46
Asian, non-Hispanic	31	301	315
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	2	30	30
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	76	485	493
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	15	180	188
Total	1171	9786	10200

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2014, to June 30, 2015.

Certificate/diploma	_291_
Associate degrees	_112_
Bachelor's degrees	_1967_
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	_768_
Post-master's certificates	_13
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	
Doctoral degrees – other	_12

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2015 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2008 cohort if available. If Fall 2009 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2009 cohort.





Fall 2008 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall_2008. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2008.

B4. Initial 2008 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:1033
B5. Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B6. Final 2008 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:1033 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
B7. Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2011): 277
B8 . Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012): 176
B9. Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013): 77
B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):491
R11 Six-year graduation rate for 2008 cohort (question

B10 divided by question B6): ___51.31______ %

Fall 2009 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall **2009**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall **2009**.

B4. Initial 2009 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:1123
B5. Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B6. Final 2009 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:1123 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
B7. Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2012):291
B8 . Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013): 167
B9. Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014):65
B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):523
B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2009 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):46.57 %



C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

An:	nlice	ations
Λþ	pnca	auous

Applications		
C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 201: who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed a of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placeme applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-li admission.	15. Include early decision, early action, and studid include only those students who fulfilled the actionable applications) and who have been not nent on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by	lents ified
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	3,129 3,975	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted		
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled		
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolle Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolle		
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requesting contingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Ye If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2015 admissions:	′es ⊠ No	
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted	 _ _	
Is your waiting list ranked? If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?		
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required	on requirement for degree-seeking entering stude	ents:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-p	preparatory program for degree-seeking stud	lents?
☐ Require ☐ Recommend ☐ Neither require nor recommend		



C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	19	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	
Science	3	
Of these, units that must be lab	2	
Foreign language	2	
Social studies	3	
History		
Academic electives	4	
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
selective admission for out-of-state students	
selective admission to some programs _Yes	
other (explain)	



C7. Relative importance of each of degree-seeking (freshman) adu			nonacademic facto	ors in your first-t	ime, first-year,
		Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Rigor of secondary school record Class rank Academic GPA Standardized test scores Application Essay Recommendation					
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities First generation Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Racial/ethnic status Volunteer work Work experience Level of applicant's interest SAT and ACT Policies					
C8. Entrance examsA. Does your institution make use of degree-seeking applicants? 		SAT Subject T	est scores in admis	sion decisions for	first-time, first-year,
If yes, place check marks in the appr Fall 2017.		elow to reflect y	your institution's po	olicies for use in a	dmission for
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests					\boxtimes



B. If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2017, please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):
ACT with Writing component required _X_ACT with Writing component recommended ACT with or without Writing component accepted
If your institution will make use of the SAT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2017, please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):
SAT with Writing component required _X_SAT with Writing component recommended SAT with or without Writing component accepted
C. Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT essay component; check all that apply.
SAT essay ACT essay For admission □ □ □ For placement □ □ □ For advising □ □ □ As a validity check on the application essay □ □ No college policy as of now □ □ Not using essay component □ □ □
D. In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising? _X_ yes no
 E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission6/30 Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission_6/30 F. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):
G. Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):
SAT □ ACT □ SAT Subject Tests □ AP □ CLEP □ Institutional Exam □ State Exam (specify): □



Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2015, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2015 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	_50	Number submitting SAT scores	_651
Percent submitting ACT scores	_85	Number submitting ACT scores	_1,105

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	470	570
SAT Math	460	550
SAT Writing	450	540
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	20	26
ACT Math	19	25
ACT English	20	26
ACT Writing	6	8

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	1		1
600-699	14	12	8
500-599	47	43	38
400-499	35	42	45
300-399	3	3	8
200-299			
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	6	11	3
24-29	42	32	36
18-23	50	47	50
12-17	2	10	11
6-11			



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Below 6			
	100%	100%	100%



			E COL	
C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-each of the following ranges (report information).				
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating of Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating classes Percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	class 3 ass 7 g class 2 ting class 2	<u>7</u>		alf + bottom half = 100% . school class rank: $\underline{78}$
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, fi point averages within each of the following ra from whom you collected high school GPA.				
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	27%_ 15%_ 12%_ 16%_			
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	21% 8%			
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	1% 	_		
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-GPA: 3.58	seeking, fi	rst-time, fir	st-yea	r (freshman) students who submitted
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	students w	ho submitte	d high	school GPA: 100
Admission Policies				
C13. Application fee				
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee:\$30		⊠ Ye	s [] No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial no	ed?	☐ Ye	s 🗵] No
If you have an application fee and an on-line appl Same fee:X_ Free: Reduced:	ication op	ption, please	indica	nte policy for students who apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applica	nts with fi	inancial nee	d? Yes	s/no
C14. Application closing date				
Does your institution have an application closin Application closing date (fall):6/30	g date?	⊠ Ye	s [] No



Priority date:		Common Data Set 2015-2010
C15. Are first-time, first-ye	ear students accepted for	terms other than the fall? 🗵 Yes 🔲 No
C16. Notification to applica	ants of admission decision	sent (fill in one only)
On a rolling basis begin By (date): Other:	nning (date):6/30	
C17. Reply policy for adm	nitted applicants (fill in one	e only)
Must reply by (date): _ No set date: _X_ Must reply by May 1 or Other:	within weeks if noti	fied thereafter
Deadline for housing dep Amount of housing dep Refundable if student de Yes, in full _X Yes, in part No		
∑ Yes □ No If yes, maximum period	d of postponement:	
		your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-re before high school graduation? \square Yes \square No
C20. Common Application	: Question removed from C	CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early A	Action Plans	
be notified of an admiss	sion decision well in advanc	ly decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to hman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes," please complet	te the following:	
First or only early decis First or only early decis	sion plan closing date sion plan notification date	
Other early decision pla Other early decision pla		
For the Fall 2015 enter	ring class:	
	on applications received by decision	
Please provide significa	ant details about your early o	decision plan:



			a nonbinding early action prication date but do not ha		notified of an admission decision well your college?
	☐ Yes	☑ No			
	If "yes," plea	se complete the	following:		
	Early action Early action	closing date notification date			
Is yo	our early action	on plan a "restric	tive" plan under which yo	u limit students from appl	ying to other early plans?
	☐ Yes [⊠ No			
D.	TRANSFER	ADMISSION			
Fall	Applicants	S			
	 Does your institution enroll transfer students? ☑ Yes ☐ No (If no, please skip to Section E) If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities? ☑ Yes ☐ No Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2015. 				
		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants	
	Men	1241	747	499	
	Women	1807	1133	683	
	Total	3048	1880	1182	
App	olication for	Admission			
D3.	Indicate terr	ns for which tran	sfers may enroll: Spring	⊠ Summer	
D4.	☐ Yes 区] No	ve a minimum number of control of credits and the		must apply as an entering freshman?



D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript				X	
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement					X
Interview					X
Standardized test scores				X	
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	X				

		nigh school grade po :2.5		ed of transfer applicant	ts, specify		
	D7 . If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):2.0						
D8 . Li	D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:						
				lidate reply dates for tr k mark in the "Rolling			
		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission	
	Fall		07/01			X	
	Winter						
	Spring		11/01			X	
	Summer		05/01			X	
 D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? ☐ Yes ☐ No D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: High school transcripts and test scores required if applicant has fewer than 60 semester hours of college-level work. If applicant took foreign language in high school, must submit high school transcript. 							
Transfer Credit Policies D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: 2.0							
D13. N D14. N	 D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:2.0 D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number 60 Unit type credits semester D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: 						
1	Number_60 Unit type credits <u>semester</u>						



D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers mus	st complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers mus	st complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:30
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:	
E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES	S
E1. Special study options: Identify those program Accelerated program Cooperative education program Cross-registration Distance learning Double major Dual enrollment English as a Second Language (ESL) Exchange student program (domestic) External degree program Other (specify):	s available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions. Honors program Independent study Internships Liberal arts/career combination Student-designed major Study abroad Teacher certification program Weekend college
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.	
E3. Areas in which all or most students are requ	ired to complete some course work prior to graduation:
☐ Arts/fine arts ☐ Computer literacy ☑ English (including composition) ☐ Foreign languages ☐ History ☐ Other (describe):	 ☐ Humanities ☐ Mathematics ☐ Philosophy ☐ Sciences (biological or physical) ☐ Social science

Library Collections: The CDS publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.



Apartments for married students
Apartments for single students

Other housing options (specify):



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F.	STUDENT LIFE				
F1.	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2015 who fit		seeking stude	nts and degree-seeking un	dergraduates
				First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
	Percent who are from out of sta aliens from the numerator and Percent of men who join frater. Percent of women who join son Percent who live in college-ow Percent who live off campus on	denominator) nities rorities rned, -operated, or -affiliated		_8%_ _54%_ _46%_	9%_ 18% 82%
	Percent of students age 25 and			_40%_ _1%	29%
	Average age of full-time stude			18	22
	Average age of all students (fu	ll- and part-time)		18	_24
F2.	Activities offered Identify thos	se programs available at you	ar institution.		
	 ☑ Campus Ministries ☑ Choral groups ☑ Concert band ☑ Dance ☑ Drama/theater ☑ International Student Organization ☑ Jazz band 	☐ Literary magazine ☐ Marching band ☐ Model UN ☐ Music ensembles ☐ Musical theater ☐ Opera ☐ Pep band		government newspaper -run film society ony orchestra on station	
F3.	ROTC (program offered in co	operation with Reserve Offi	cers' Training	(Corps)	
	Army ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	ation (name):			
	Naval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	ation (name):			
	Air Force ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	ntion (name):			
F4.	Housing: Check all types of coinstitution.	ollege-owned, -operated, or	-affiliated hou	sing available for undergrad	duates at your
	☐ Coed dorms☐ Men's dorms☐ Women's dorms	☐ Special		isabled students nternational students ousing	

Cooperative housing Theme housing ₩ellness housing



G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

isiitui	e 2016-2017 academic year costs tion.	or attenuance for the following	ng categories that are applicable	c to your
Check here if your institution's 2016-2017 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide at approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2016-2017 academic year costs of attendance will be available:				
Lis aca hor Jur Ro inc	dergraduate full-time tuition, rest the typical tuition, required fees, ademic year (30 semester hours or ar cost by number of credits). A func; usually equated to two semester om and board is defined as doubled blude only charges that all full-time ivity fees.) Do <i>not</i> include optional	and room and board for a full- 45 quarter hours for institution Il academic year refers to the prs, two trimesters, three quarter occupancy and 19 meals per versity and the property occupancy and 19 meals per versity and the property occupancy and the property of the pr	time undergraduate student for the state that derive annual tuition by must be riod of time generally extending rs, or the period covered by a four week or the maximum meal plan. It included in tuition (e.g., registrate	Itiplying credit from September to -one-four plan. Required fees
		FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	7
	PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition:			
	PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition: In-district:	\$4,318.50	\$4,318.50	
	In-state (out-of-district):	\$4,318.50	\$4,318.50	
	Out-of-state:	\$16,586.70	\$16,586.70	
	NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:	\$16,586.70	\$16,586.70	
	REQUIRED FEES:	\$2,040.90	\$2,040.90	
	ROOM AND BOARD:	\$9,912	\$9,912	

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separeses):	rate tuition and room and board
Other:	
G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	minimum _30maximum
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	☐ Yes No



	Common Data Set 2015-2016]
G4. Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and	d fees reported in G1?	
	-	

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	1,200	1,200	1,200
Room only:			
Board only:			
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
Transportation:	1,100	1,800	1,800
Other expenses:	2,600	2,300	2,600

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	



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H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.



Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2014-2015 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2014-2015 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , H2A , and H6 below: ☐ 2015-2016 estimated or ☐ 2014-2015 final
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
X Federal methodology (FM)
Institutional methodology (IM)
Both FM and IM

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	\$16,195,067.24	\$0.00
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$5,089,648.82	\$1,656,852.32
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$6,462,742.34	\$1,214,634.61
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$710,024.21	\$337,268.10
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$28,457,482.61	\$3,208,755.03
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$27,247,215.15	\$5,546,991.69
Federal Work-Study	\$468,379.00	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$0.00	\$0.00



Total Self-Help	\$27,715,594.15	\$5,546,991.69
Parent Loans	\$427,655.00	\$735,873.00
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	not reported	not reported
Athletic Awards	\$588,192.50	\$1,133,779.65

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2014 cohort)	1196	7254	2437
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1032	5843	1503
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	809	4881	1294
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	785	4690	1132
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	743	4132	856
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	493	3173	711
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	21	119	3
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>)	118	566	57
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	52.6%	46.1%	25.2%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 8,839.43	\$8, 411.38	\$4,927.26
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line ${\bf e}$	\$6751.81	\$6,184.53	\$3,368.86
1)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$3,256.44	\$3,935.98	\$3,763.75



m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans,			
	and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-	\$3,437.74	\$4,097.40	\$3,994.07
	based loan			

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	144	453	33
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$1,971.99	\$2,256.59	\$1,159.20
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	20	133	4
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$9,780.10	\$7,961.30	169

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

Include:

- * 2014 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * those who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.

H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.

H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs—Federal
Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family
Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans%

H5. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. \$_____



Common Data Set 2015-2016 of those in H4a, through federal loan

and

programs—Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.\$
Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: ☐ Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available ☐ Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available ☐ Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
 ☐ Institution's own financial aid form ☐ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE ☐ International Student's Financial Aid Application ☐ International Student's Certification of Finances ☐ Other:
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students
H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
 □ FAFSA □ Institution's own financial aid form □ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE □ State aid form □ Noncustodial PROFILE □ Business/Farm Supplement □ Other:
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:3/15 Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):X

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H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):

50.) Students notified on or about (date):		
	ts notified on or abou	it (date).

b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no If yes, starting date: ____3/01____



H11. In	dicate reply dates:		
Stu	udents must reply by (date):	or within	weeks of notification.
Types o	of Aid Available		
Please c	heck off all types of aid available to undergra	iduates at your insti	tution:
H12. Lc	pans		
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PR Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans	OGRAM (DIRECT	CLOAN)
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional for Other (specify):		
H13. Sc	cholarships and Grants		

	NEED-BASED:
\boxtimes	Federal Pell
\boxtimes	SEOG
	State scholarships/grants
\boxtimes	Private scholarships
\boxtimes	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds
	United Negro College Fund
	Federal Nursing Scholarship
	Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X	X	Leadership
X		Alumni affiliation	X		Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
X		ROTC			



H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:	



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I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2015. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(50) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
© faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry



(OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (Dpharm or Bpharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	338	268	606
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	59	28	87
c.) Total number who are women	149	138	287
d.) Total number who are men	189	130	319
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)			
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree			
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's			
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's			
 i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.) 			
j.) Total number in stand-alone			
graduate/professional programs in which			
faculty teach virtually only graduate-level			
students			

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2015 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional
faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or
professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty
teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2014 Student to Faculty ratio:	22 to	1 (based on	9,415	students and	427	faculty)
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I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2015 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2015. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Note* Classes that were considered as online courses (O) in the previous year (2013-2014) were excluded from the course count, but are now being coded as regular class courses © and therefore are now being included in the class section count below. Also, SIFP is used as the data source for Fall 2015 whereas in previous years SIF was used. Lastly, class counts have been changed from 2-9 to 1-9 to capture and reflect all enrollment in class sections/sub-sections.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

10-19

1-9

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

30-39

40-49

50-99

100 +

Total

20-29

CLASS SECTIONS	169	168	255	120	123	92	12	939
	1-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS	17	79	117	2				215



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J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources and			1	3
conservation				
Architecture				4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
Communication/journalism			6	9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			5	11
3Personal and culinary services				12
Education			6	13
Engineering			4	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages, literatures, and			1	16
linguistics				10
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies			1	22
English			1	23
Liberal arts/general studies		100	-	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			4	26
Mathematics and statistics			1	27
Military science and military technologies				28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies			1	30
Parks and recreation			6	31
Philosophy and religious studies			1	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			2	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			6	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services			4	43



Public administration and social			3	44
services				
Social sciences			8	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials				49
moving				
Visual and performing arts			4	50
Health professions and related			19	51
programs				
Business/marketing			13	52
History			2	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	



Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.



*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.



Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.



Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.



*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.



Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- *Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- *Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.



Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.



*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.



Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.